

# UML 2 for Systems Engineering

Conrad Bock
NIST

conrad.bock@nist.gov



# **Unified Modeling Language**

- Originated in object-oriented software community.
- However:
  - Wide lifecycle, including logical specifications and deployment.
  - More than pictures:
    - Includes a repository model/API and
    - ... and XML interchange.
  - Behavior models with virtual machines.
  - Not just for software modeling.

# Wide Lifecycle

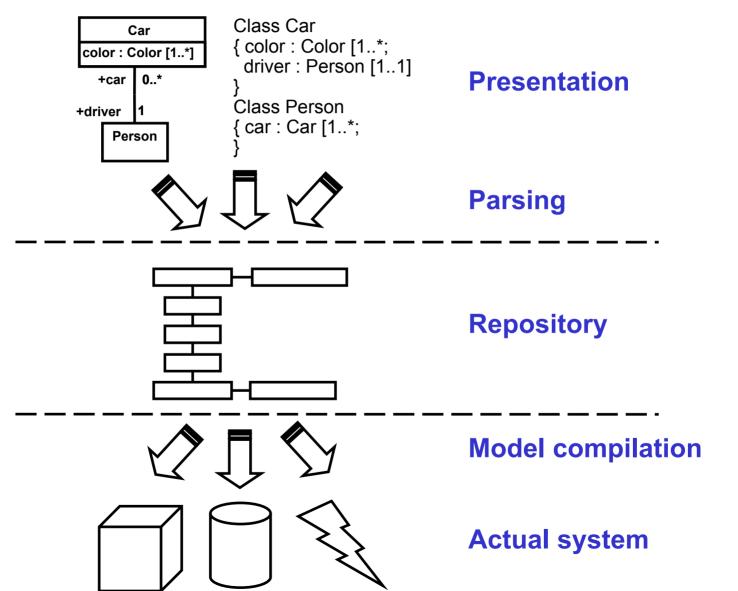
- Logical and physical modeling
  - Logical entities
  - Physical and software entities
    - Environment
    - System
- Requirements
  - Use cases
  - Constraints
- Deployment
  - Artifacts
  - ... tied to specification and delivery.

#### **More Than Pictures**

- Repository provides
  - API's
  - XML interchange
  - Support for multiple notations
- UML notation stores to repository ... and alternate notations can, too.

Generate systems from repository:
 Notation → Repository → System

# **Model-Centered Development**



#### **Behavior Models**

- Multiple types of model.
- None dominant.
- Different emphasis in each one:
  - Activity models
    - Series of actions
  - Interaction models
    - Messages between objects
  - State machines
    - Objects reacting to events
- Virtual machines defined for execution.

#### **UML Status**

- First version adopted in 1997 (1.1).
- Minor revision in 1999 (1.3).
- Coding models added in 2001 (1.5).
- Major revision finishing now (2.0).
- Primary submission is created by many modeling vendors and users.
- Expect adoption in mid-year, 2003.

#### **New Areas in UML 2 for SE**

- Activity model supports physical as well as computational processes.
- Composition model supports interpart connections.
- Deployment model ties specification to delivered system.
- Information Flow.
- Time model.
- And others.

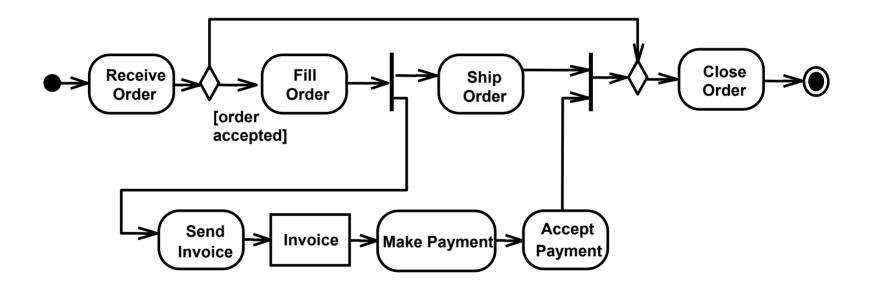
# **Activity Modeling**

- Activity modeling emphasizes the sequence and conditions for coordinating other behaviors
- using secondary constructs to show which classifiers are responsible for those behaviors.

 Focus is on what tasks need to be done, in what order, rather than who/what performs each task.

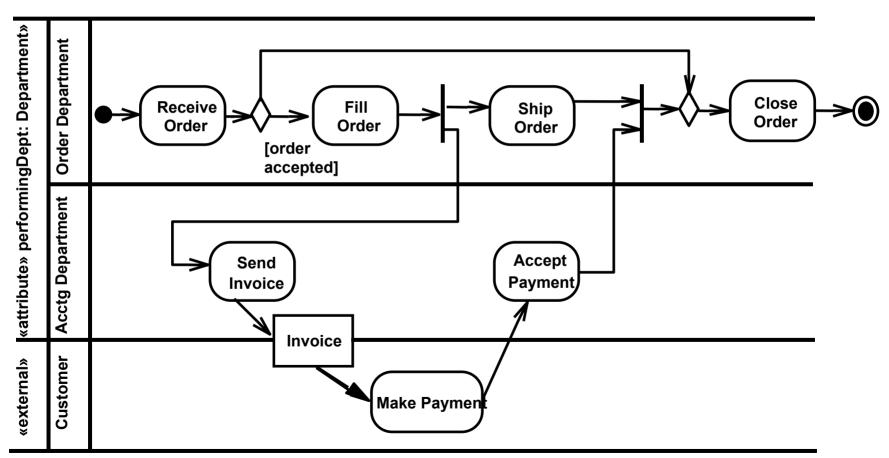
# **Activity Modeling**

Tasks and ordering ...



# **Activity Modeling**

… plus resource assignments.



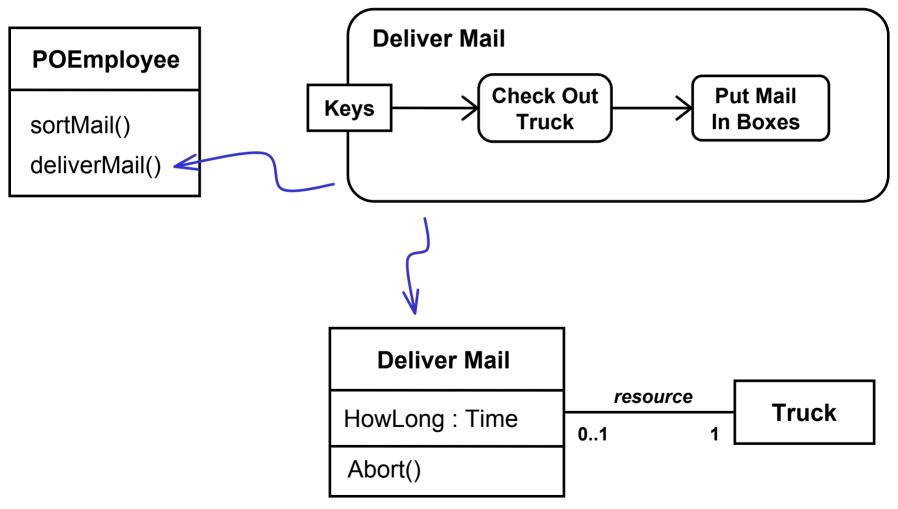
#### **UML 2 Activities for SE**

- First-class behavior model:
  - Usable with or without objects
  - Parameterized
  - Behavior properties
- Full parallelism
  - Concurrent branches operate independently.
- Input/output
  - Queuing, storage
  - Notation
  - Multi-entry/exit
- Full action model
  - For model execution and simulation.

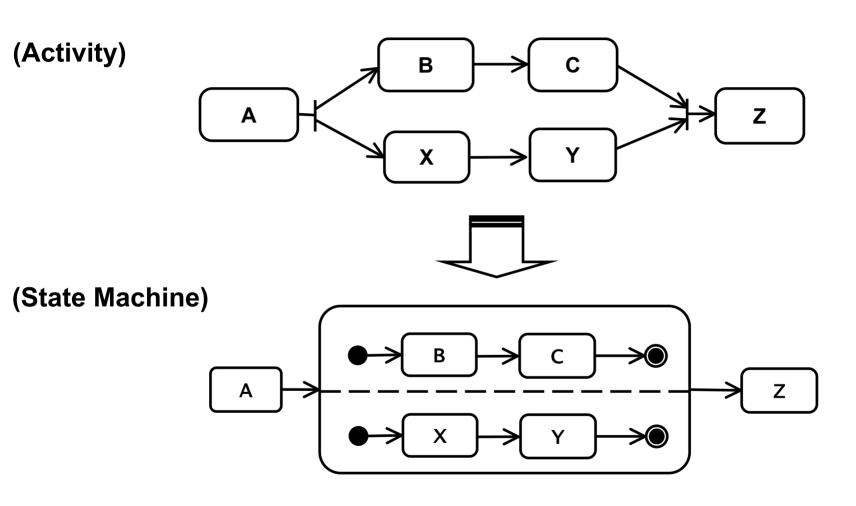
#### First-class Behavior Model

- Object-orientation not required to model dynamics ...
- ... but supported when needed.
- Behaviors can be invoked directly, or through an object owning the behavior.
- Parameterized for input/output.
- Can have attributes, associations, operations, states, ...

## **First-class Behavior Model**



## State-based UML 1.x Activities



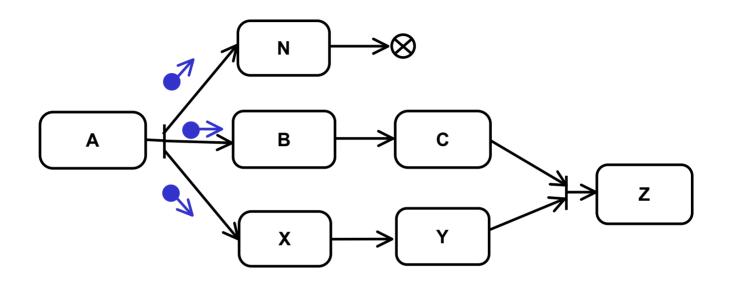
**Trace:** A, B||X, C||Y, Z

## **Token-based UML 2 Activities**

(Activity) X (Token flow, not a notation)

## **Unrestricted Parallelism in UML 2**

(Activity, tokens not notation)

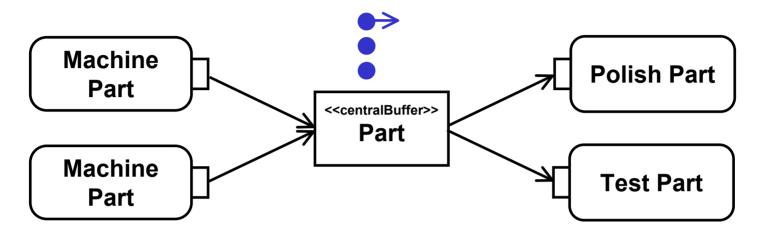


# Queuing



- Tokens can
  - stack up in "in/out" boxes
  - backup in network
  - prevent upstream behaviors from taking new inputs
- Applicable to systems with significant resource constraints, such as physical or manual processes.

# Queuing



#### Tokens can be

- Stored temporarily
- Divided between flows

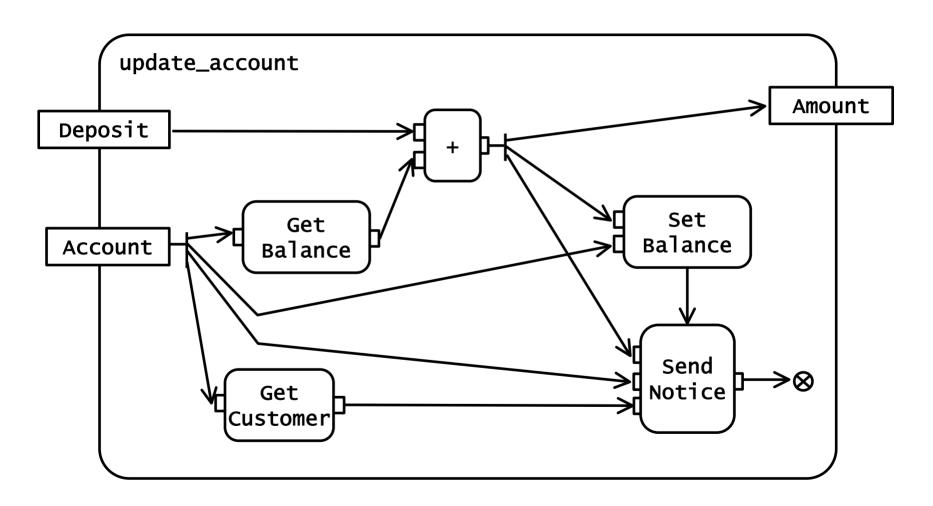
#### Tokens cannot

 Flow in more than one direction, unless copied.

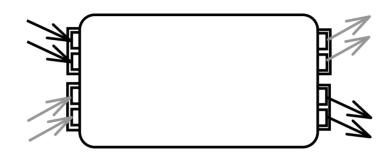
# Non-queuing

- No token interaction.
- For domains without resource constraint, such as computation.

# Non-queuing



#### **Parameter Sets**



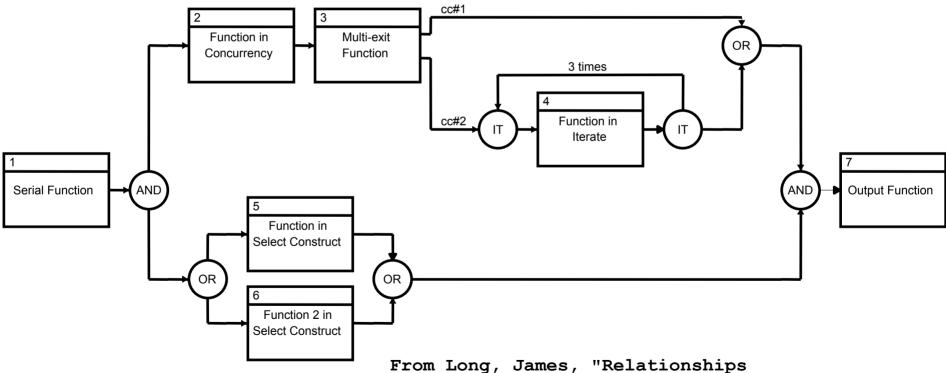
- Sets of parameters can take input or provide output ...
- ... exclusive of each other at runtime.
- See multi-exit in EFFBD.

#### **Full Action Model**

- Actions are the "steps" in an activity (round-cornered rectangles).
- Include:
  - Invoking behaviors/functions.
  - Creating/destroying objects.
  - Getting/setting property values.
- For fully-executable models and simulations.

# Extended Functional Flow Block Diagram

Control/data flow diagram.



between Common Graphical
Representations in System Engineering", 24
ViTech Corporation, www.vitechcorp.com

# Extended Functional Flow Block Diagram

- Most of EFFBD supported by UML 2 Activity diagrams.
- Some differences in execution ...
- ... to be addressed in SE profile for UML 2 or in minor revision to UML.

#### Function ←→ Behavior/Action

EFFBD Function and UML 2
 Action/Behaviors are steps in a process flow.

(EFFBD) (UML 2)

#

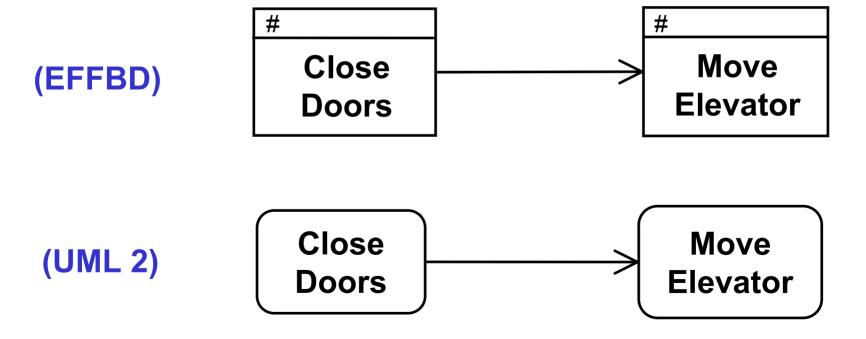
Move
Elevator

Elevator

 Notation is different, but repository would be the same (except for adding #).

#### **Control Flow**

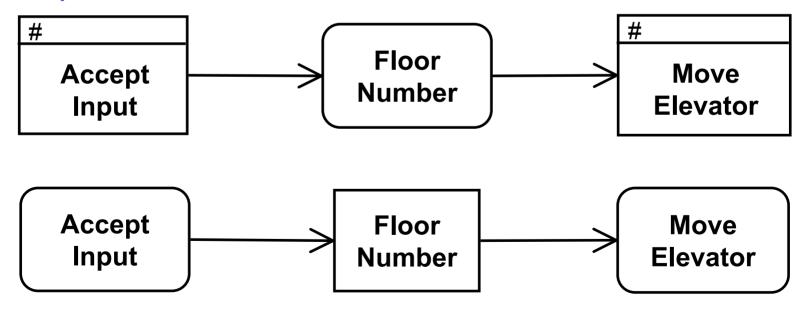
 EFFBD and UML 2 Control Flow give time sequence to steps in a process flow.



# **Data/Object Flow**

 EFFBD and UML 2 Data Flow specify how Function/Behavior outputs are provided to inputs.

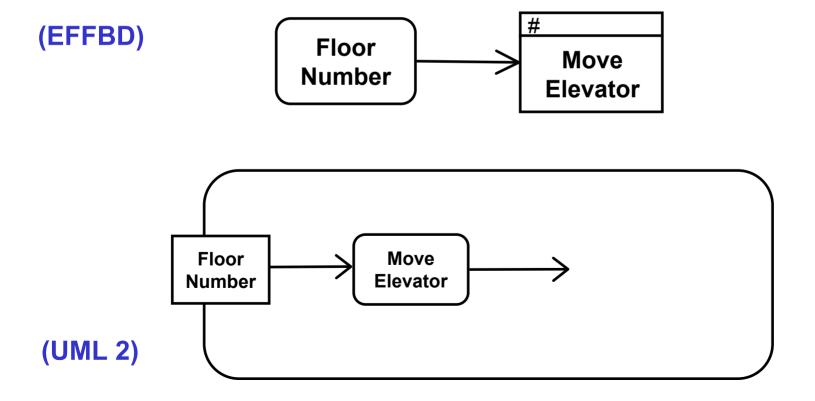
#### (EFFBD)



(UML 2)

## External I/O ←→ Parameter

 EFFBD External Input/Output and UML 2 Parameter support I/O at the beginning/end of the entire diagram.



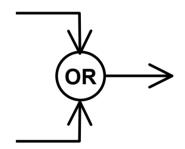
#### Select ←→ Decision

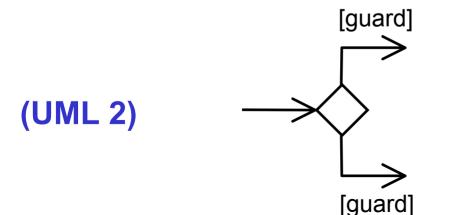
 EFFBD Select and UML 2 Decision specify mutually exclusive paths in a flow.

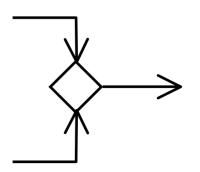
(EFFBD)

oranch annotation

branch annotation

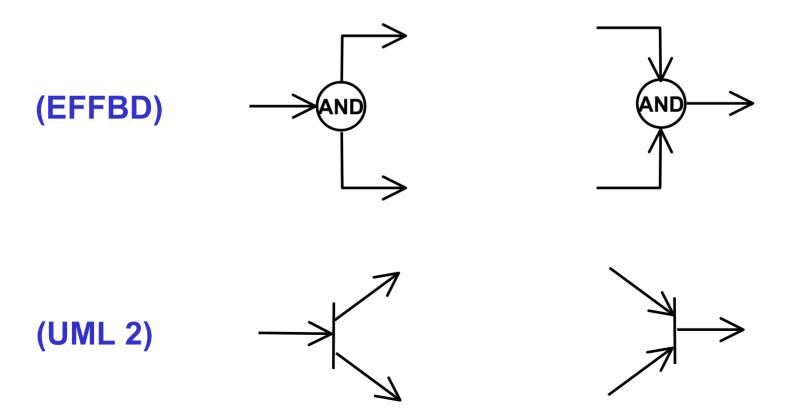






# **Concurrency** ←→ Fork/Join

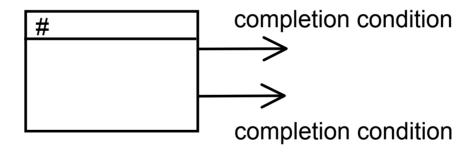
 EFFBD Concurrency and UML 2 Fork/Join specify parallel paths



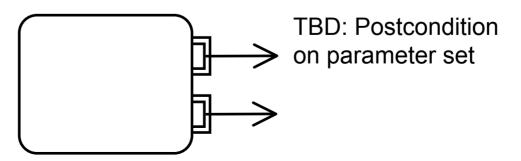
## Multi-exit ←→ Parameter Sets

 EFFBD multi-exit functions and UML 2 Parameter Sets specify mutually exclusive outputs.

(EFFBD)

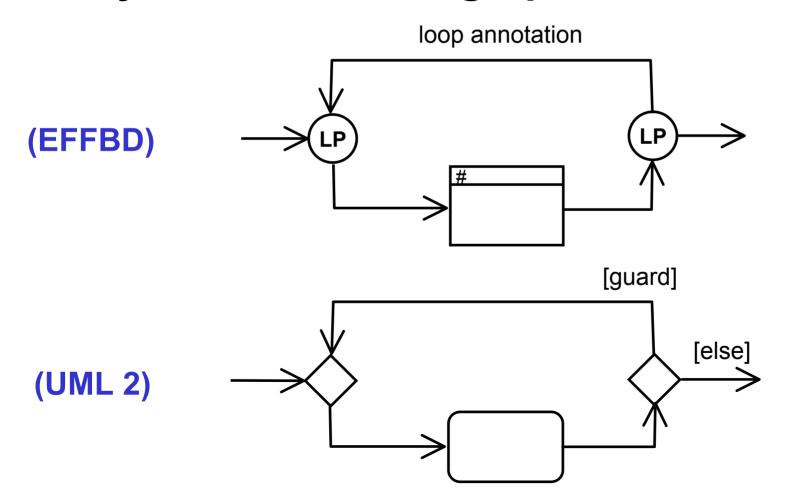


(UML 2)



# Cycles

 EFFBD and UML 2 flows can have cycles in the flow graph.

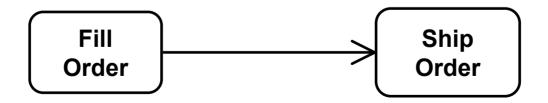


# **Edge Shortcuts**

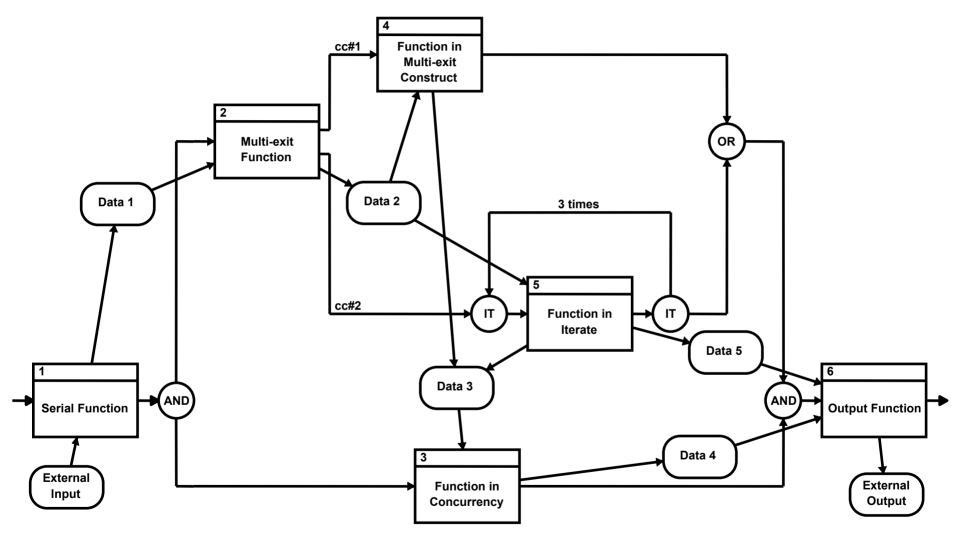
Notational shorthand for long flow lines:



#### is equivalent to

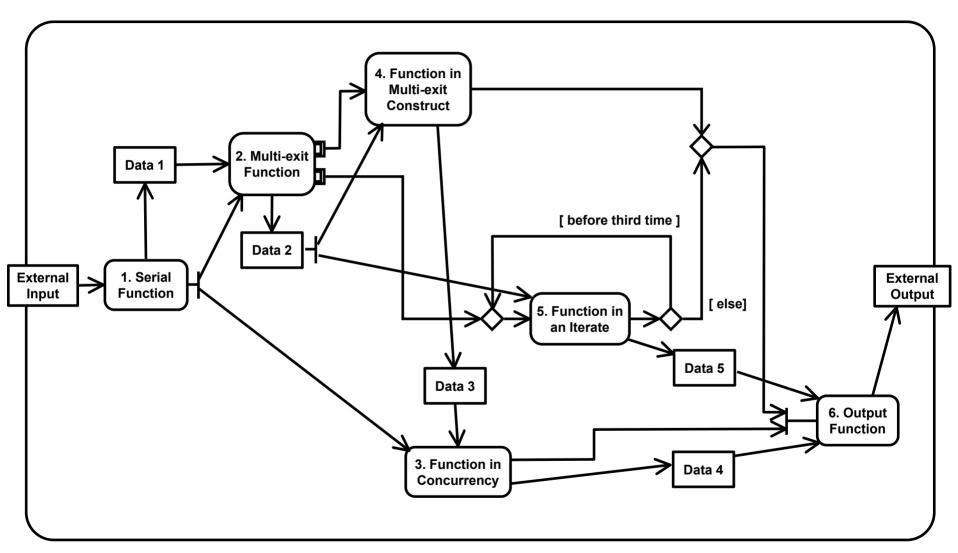


# **Example EFFBD**



Adapted from Long, James, "Relationships between Common Graphical Representations in System Engineering", ViTech Corporation, www.vitechcorp.com

## **UML 2 Translation**



### To Be Addressed

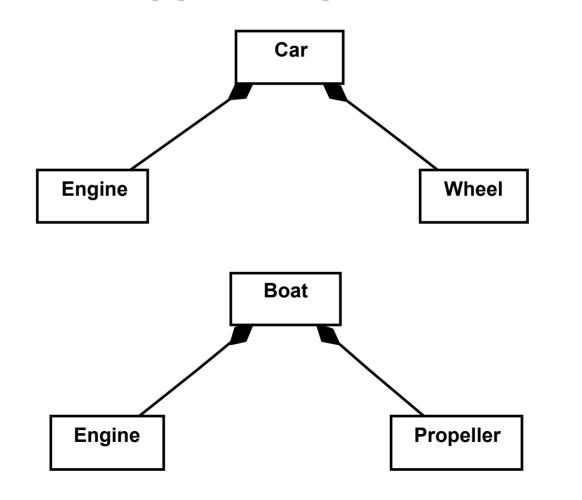
- Triggering and non-triggering inputs.
  - Distinguish required from streaming.
- Multi-exit, queuing on control.
  - Treat control as a kind of data.
- Completion conditions on multi-exit.
  - Add postconditions to UML 2 ParameterSet.
- Control/data flows that disable functions.
  - Extend control tokens.
- Iteration
  - Extend merge node.
- Continuous data flows.
  - Fine-grained token flow.

#### **EFFBD** ~ Activities

- Significant similarity between EFFBD and UML 2 Activities.
- Entry point for SE's into UML.
- Integrates with other UML features useful to SE:
  - Classes
  - Composition (Assembly)
  - Information Flow
  - Many other features not presented here.
- Details of EFFBD ←→ Activity translation at: http://www.u2-partners.org /outgoing/syseng/seu2pactivitymap.zip

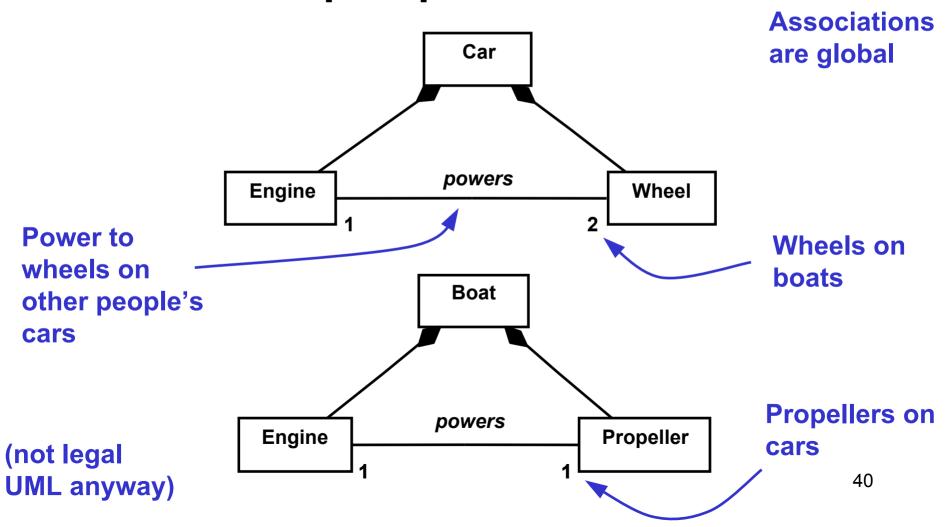
### **Composition UML 1.x**

• UML 1.x supported part-whole ...



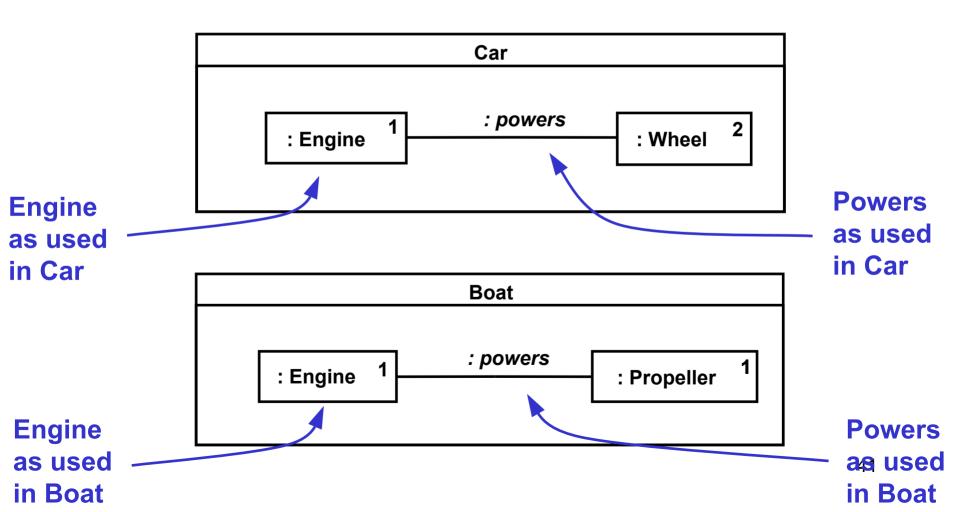
### **Composition UML 1.x**

... but not part-part:



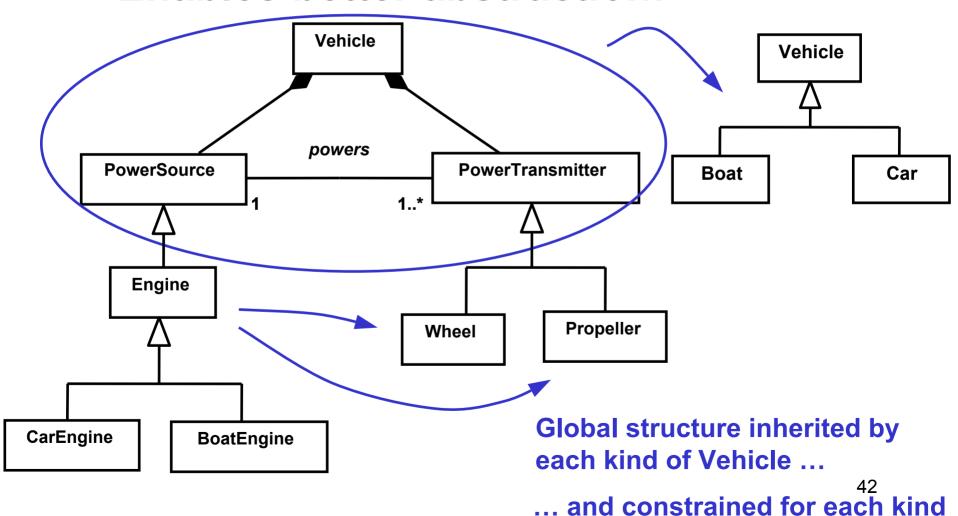
## **Composition UML 2.0**

• UML 2 supports part-part in context:



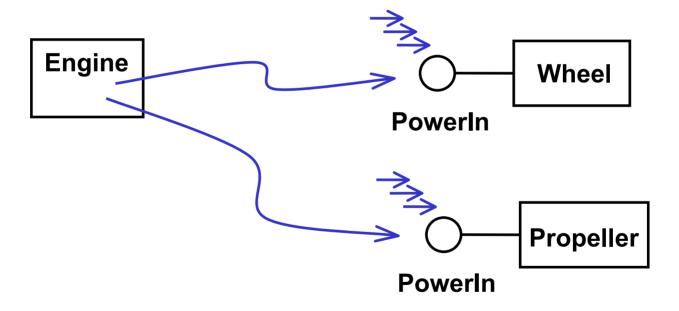
## **Composition UML 2.0**

Enables better abstraction:



### Interfaces UML 1.x

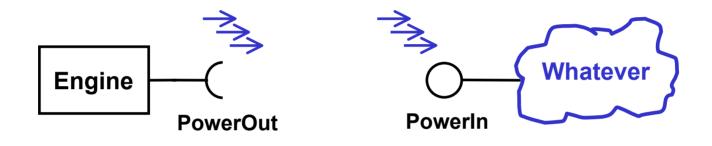
• UML 1.x supports interfaces, but only in one direction:

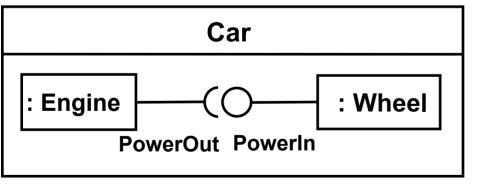


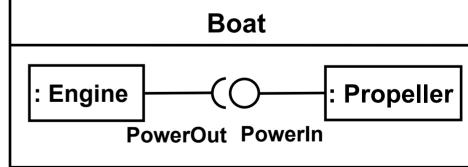
 Interface usage buried in client methods.

### **Interfaces UML 2.0**

#### Bidirectional interfaces:

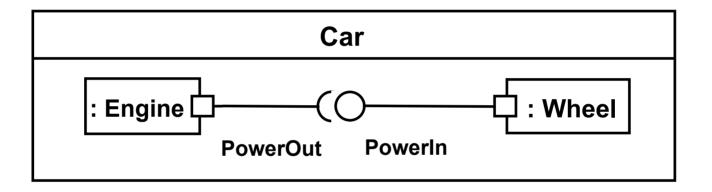


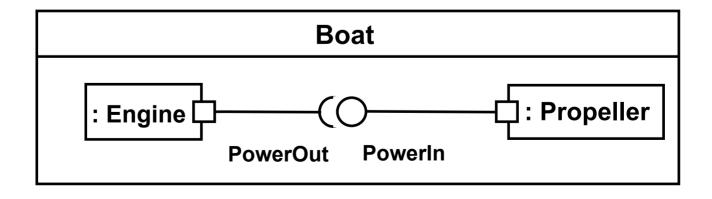




# **Composition 2.0 (Ports)**

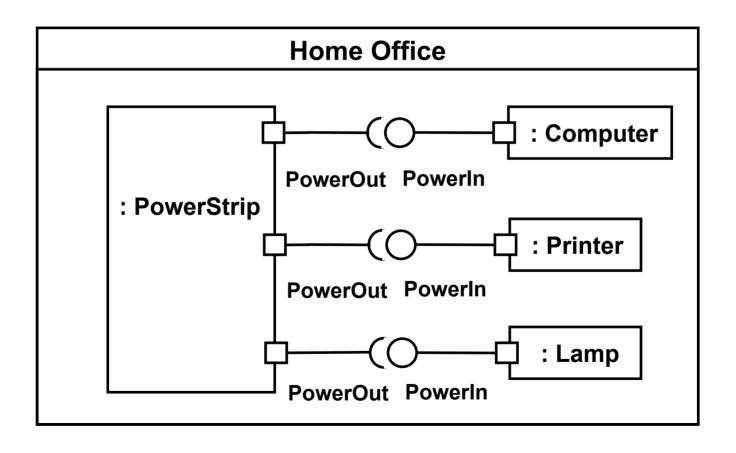
Ports = public parts.





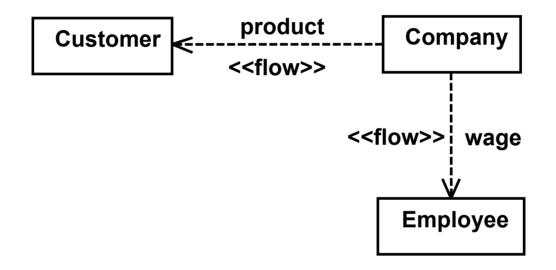
# **Composition 2.0 (Ports)**

• Multiple ports of the same type.



### **Information Flow**

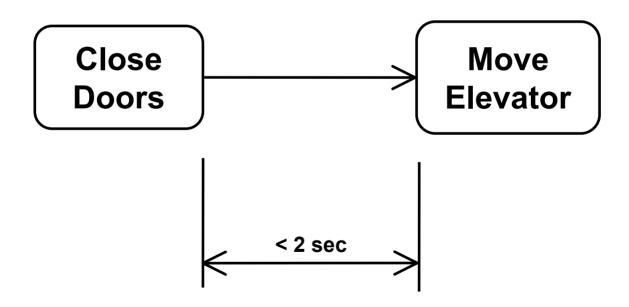
Very abstract flow model.



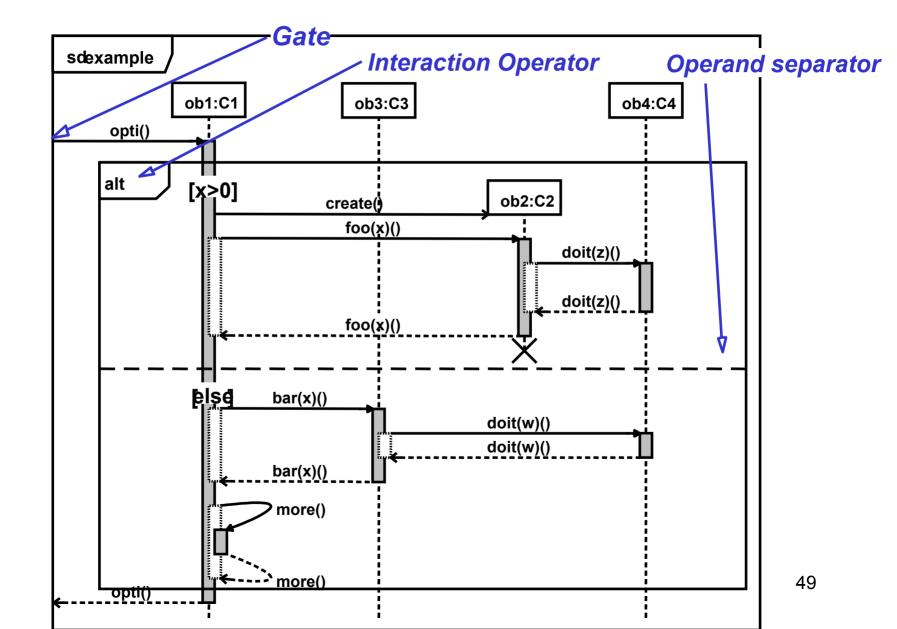
- Independent of message passing, parameters, etc, but can be tied to these.
- Applicable to Elaborated Context Diagrams

### **Time Model**

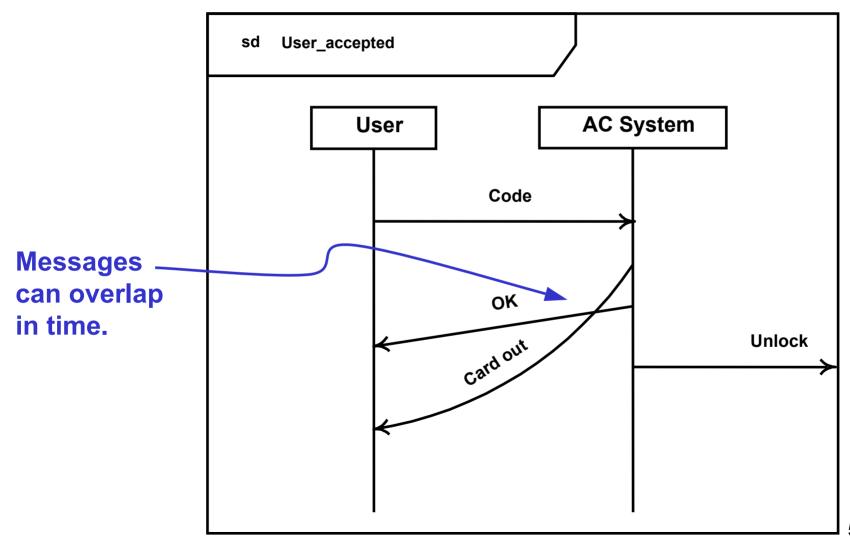
Can be used to state constraints on processes:



### **Interaction Model**



### **Interaction Model**



# Deployment

- Support for general mappings between design elements, artifacts, and deployment targets.
- Communication paths between nodes.
  - Supports locality diagrams.

# **Summary**

- UML is
  - wide lifecycle
  - applicable to multiple domains
  - a repository for multiple notations
- UML 2 adds new models useful to systems engineering ...
- in both structure and behavior.
- Latest draft of UML 2 submission: http://doc.omg.org/ad/03-03-02.
- Updates: http://www.omg.org/uml